

AMENDMENT(S) TO THE CLAIMS

1. (canceled).

2. (canceled).

3. (currently amended) In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes, at least one node of which being a resource provider, a quality of service (QoS) aware resource discovery method, comprising the steps of:

generating at least one discovery agent from the plurality of nodes;

forming at least one dynamic domain within the ad hoc network, each dynamic domain including at least a subset of the nodes as members thereof and one discovery agent, the one discovery agent serving as a home discovery agent for its associated dynamic domain;

registering a resource by the resource provider with the home discovery agent of the resource provider's associated dynamic domain;

generating a query to discover the resource;

discovering the resource;

~~selecting, by the initial discovery agent, M-1 nodes to be discovery agents, where M is a preselected number of discovery agents; and~~

~~assigning each of the selected nodes an index from the set {2, 3, ..., M}; and~~

wherein the step of generating at least one discovery agent comprises the steps of:

broadcasting, by all eligible nodes, existence information including a node address; and

1 electing the node that has the smallest node address as an initial discovery
2 agent; and
3 wherein the QoS aware resource discovery method further comprises the steps of:
4 selecting, by the initial discovery agent, M-1 nodes to be discovery agents, where
5 M is a preselected number of discovery agents;
6 assigning each of the selected nodes an index from the set {2, 3, ..., M};
7 discovering that the initial discovery agent has failed;
8 broadcasting a discovery agent selection message;
9 receiving responses from non-discovery agent nodes;
10 comparing a distance from each non-discovery agent node from which a response
11 was received to the failed initial discovery agent to determine which is closest to the
12 failed initial discovery agent; and
13 selecting the closest of the non-discovery agent nodes to be a new discovery agent
14 for the failed initial discovery agent.
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17 4. (canceled).

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19 5. (canceled).

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21 6. (currently amended) In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes, at
22 least one node of which being a resource provider, a quality of service (QoS) aware
23 resource discovery method, comprising the steps of:
24 generating at least one discovery agent from the plurality of nodes;
25

1 forming at least one dynamic domain within the ad hoc network, each dynamic
2 domain including at least a subset of the nodes as members thereof and one discovery
3 agent, the one discovery agent serving as a home discovery agent for its associated
4 dynamic domain;

5 registering a resource by the resource provider with the home discovery agent of
6 the resource provider's associated dynamic domain;

7 generating a query to discover the resource;

8 discovering the resource; and

9 wherein the step of registering a resource by the resource provider with the home
10 discovery agent of the resource provider's associated dynamic domain comprises the steps
11 of:

12 sending a resource registration request to the resource provider's home discovery
13 agent, the registration request including an attribute α of the resource;

14 calculating, by the home discovery agent, a hashing index β of the resource as
15 $\beta = H(\alpha)$ in the set $\{1, 2, \dots, M\}$; and
16

17 ~~distribute~~ distributing the resource registration request to discovery agents having
18 an index of $\beta, \beta+1, \dots, \beta+K-1$ for registration of the resource thereby, where K is a
19 predetermined number of replications for the resource information.

20
21 7. (original) The method of claim 6, wherein the nodes are homogeneous with a
22 failure probability p , and wherein K is set to $\lceil \log_{1-p} A \rceil$, where A is a predetermined
23 availability requirement for directory information.
24
25

1 8. (previously presented) In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes,
2 at least one node of which being a resource provider, a quality of service (QoS) aware
3 resource discovery method, comprising the steps of:

4 generating at least one discovery agent from the plurality of nodes;

5 forming at least one dynamic domain within the ad hoc network, each dynamic
6 domain including at least a subset of the nodes as members thereof and one discovery
7 agent, the one discovery agent serving as a home discovery agent for its associated
8 dynamic domain;

9 registering a resource by the resource provider with the home discovery agent of
10 the resource provider's associated dynamic domain;

11 generating a query to discover the resource;

12 discovering the resource;

13 discovering a failed discovery agent;

14 broadcasting a discovery agent selection message;

15 receiving responses from non-discovery agent nodes;

16 comparing a distance from each non-discovery agent node from which a response
17 was received to the failed discovery agent to determine which is closest to the failed
18 discovery agent; and
19

20 selecting the closest of the non-discovery agent nodes to be a new discovery agent
21 for the failed discovery agent.

22
23 9. (original) The method of claim 8, further comprising the steps of:

24 assuming, by the new discovery agent, the index i of the failed discovery agent;

25 and

1 recovering the failed discovery agent's directory information from at least one
2 discovery agent having an index of $i-K+1$, $i-K+2$, ..., $i+K-1$.

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4 10. (canceled).

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6 11. (canceled).

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8 12. (previously presented) In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of
9 nodes, at least one node of which being a resource provider, a quality of service (QoS)
10 aware resource discovery method, comprising the steps of:

11 generating at least one discovery agent from the plurality of nodes;

12 forming at least one dynamic domain within the ad hoc network, each dynamic
13 domain including at least a subset of the nodes as members thereof and one discovery
14 agent, the one discovery agent serving as a home discovery agent for its associated
15 dynamic domain;

16
17 registering a resource by the resource provider with the home discovery agent of
18 the resource provider's associated dynamic domain;

19 generating a query to discover the resource;

20 discovering the resource; and

21 wherein the step of discovering the resource comprises the steps of:

22 transmitting, by a node to its home discovery agent, a directory query for a
23 resource;

24 searching, by the node's home discovery agent, for the requested resource
25 directory information;

1 when the requested resource directory information is not found, calculating, by the
2 home discovery agent, the hashing index of the resource to determine a qualified set of
3 discovery agents that should have the requested resource directory information;

4 forwarding, by the home discovery agent, the directory query to one of the
5 discovery agents in the qualified set;

6 receiving, by the home discovery agent, the requested resource directory
7 information; and

8 forwarding the requested resource directory information to the node.

9
10 **13. (original)** The method of claim 12, wherein the step of forwarding the
11 directory query comprises the steps of:

12 determining which of the qualified set of discovery agents is closest to the home
13 discovery agent;

14 forwarding the directory query to the closest discovery agent in the qualified set;
15 and
16

17 when the closest discovery agent is unable to provide the requested resource
18 directory information, forwarding the directory query to the next closest discovery agent
19 until the information is found.

20
21 **14. (previously presented)** In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of
22 nodes, at least one node of which being a resource provider, a quality of service (QoS)
23 aware resource discovery method, comprising the steps of:

24 generating at least one discovery agent from the plurality of nodes;
25

1 forming at least one dynamic domain within the ad hoc network, each dynamic
2 domain including at least a subset of the nodes as members thereof and one discovery
3 agent, the one discovery agent serving as a home discovery agent for its associated
4 dynamic domain;

5 registering a resource by the resource provider with the home discovery agent of
6 the resource provider's associated dynamic domain;

7 generating a query to discover the resource;

8 discovering the resource; and

9 wherein the step of discovering the resource comprises the steps of:

10 transmitting, by a node to its home discovery agent, a quality of service (QoS)
11 query for a resource to be accessed;

12 searching, by the node's home discovery agent, for the requested resource;

13 when the requested resource is not found, calculating, by the home discovery
14 agent, the hashing index of the resource to determine a qualified set of discovery agents
15 that should have the requested resource;

16 forwarding, by the home discovery agent, the QoS query to at least one of the
17 discovery agents in the qualified set;

18 forwarding, by the at least one discovery agent in the qualified set, the QoS query
19 to the home discovery agents for resource providers having the resource requested;

20 returning, by the home discovery agents for resource providers having the
21 resource requested, QoS and address information for the resource providers in their home
22 domains having the resource requested;

23 selecting a resource provider having the best QoS; and
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1 forwarding the address information of the resource provider having the best QoS
2 to the node.

3
4 **15. (original)** The method of claim 14, wherein the step of forwarding, by the at
5 least one discovery agent in the qualified set, the QoS query to the home discovery agents
6 for resource providers having the resource requested comprises the step of multicasting.

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8 **16. (original)** The method of claim 14, wherein the step of forwarding, by the at
9 least one discovery agent in the qualified set, the QoS query to the home discovery agents
10 for resource providers having the resource requested comprises the step of multiple-
11 unicasting.

12
13 **17. (original)** In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes arranged in
14 dynamic domains, each dynamic domain having a home discovery agent, at least a subset
15 of the dynamic domains having nodes therein providing resources to the network, a
16 method of registering the resources for discovery comprising the steps of:
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18 receiving a registration request for a resource from a node, the resource having an
19 attribute α ;

20 calculating a hash index of the resource as $\beta = H(\alpha)$, where β is in the set $\{1, 2, \dots,$
21 $M\}$, M being the number of discovery agents;

22 forwarding the registration request for the resource to discovery agents having an
23 index of $\beta, \beta+1, \dots, \beta+K-1$, where K is a predetermined number of replications for the
24 resource registration.
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1 **18.** (original) The method of claim 17, wherein the nodes have a failure
2 probability p , and wherein K is set to $\lceil \log_{1-p} A \rceil$, where A is a predetermined availability
3 requirement for resource registration.

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5 **19.** (canceled).

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7 **20.** (canceled).

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9 **21.** (canceled).

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11 **22.** (original) In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes arranged
12 into a plurality of dynamic domains, each dynamic domain having a home discovery
13 agent having resource directory information, a method comprising the steps of:

14 discovering a failed discovery agent;

15 broadcasting a discovery agent selection message;

16 receiving responses from non-discovery agent nodes;

17 comparing a distance from each non-discovery agent node from which a response
18 was received to the failed discovery agent to determine which non-discovery agent node
19 is closest to the failed discovery agent; and
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21 selecting the closest of the non-discovery agent nodes to be a new discovery agent
22 for the failed discovery agent.

23
24 **23.** (original) The method of claim 22, further comprising the steps of:
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1 assuming, by the new discovery agent, the index i of the failed discovery agent;
2 and
3 recovering the failed discovery agent's resource directory information from at least
4 one discovery agent having an index selected from the group $i-K+1, i-K+2, \dots, i+K-1$.
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6 **24. (canceled).**

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8 **25. (canceled).**

9
10 **26. (original)** In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes arranged in
11 dynamic domains, each dynamic domain having a home discovery agent, at least a subset
12 of the dynamic domains having nodes therein providing resources to the network, a
13 method of discovering the nodes providing the resource comprises the steps of:
14

15 receiving a directory query for a resource;

16 searching for the requested resource directory information;

17 when the requested resource directory information is not found, calculating the
18 hashing index of the resource to determine a qualified set of discovery agents that should
19 have the requested resource directory information;

20 forwarding the directory query to one of the discovery agents in the qualified set;

21 receiving the requested resource directory information; and

22 forwarding the requested resource directory information to the node.
23

24 **27. (original)** The method of claim 26, wherein the step of forwarding the
25 directory query comprises the steps of:

1 determining which of the qualified set of discovery agents is closest;
2 forwarding the directory query to the closest discovery agent in the qualified set;
3 and
4 when the closest discovery agent is unable to provide the requested resource
5 directory information, forwarding the directory query to the next closest discovery agent
6 until the information is found.

7
8 **28. (original)** In a mobile ad hoc network having a plurality of nodes arranged in
9 dynamic domains, each dynamic domain having a home discovery agent, at least a subset
10 of the dynamic domains having nodes therein providing resources to the network, a
11 method of discovering the resource comprises the steps of:

12 receiving a quality of service (QoS) query for a resource to be accessed;
13 searching for the requested resource;
14 when the requested resource is not found, calculating the hashing index of the
15 resource to determine a qualified set of discovery agents that should have the requested
16 resource;
17

18 forwarding the QoS query to at least one of the discovery agents in the qualified
19 set;

20 receiving from the home discovery agents for resource providers having the
21 resource requested QoS and address information for the resource providers in their home
22 domains having the resource requested;

23 selecting a resource provider having the best QoS; and
24 forwarding the address information of the resource provider having the best QoS
25 to the node.